

acA2040-90umNIR

The acA2040-90umNIR [Basler ace USB 3.0 camera](#) is equipped with an ams CMV4000 sensor.



Specifications

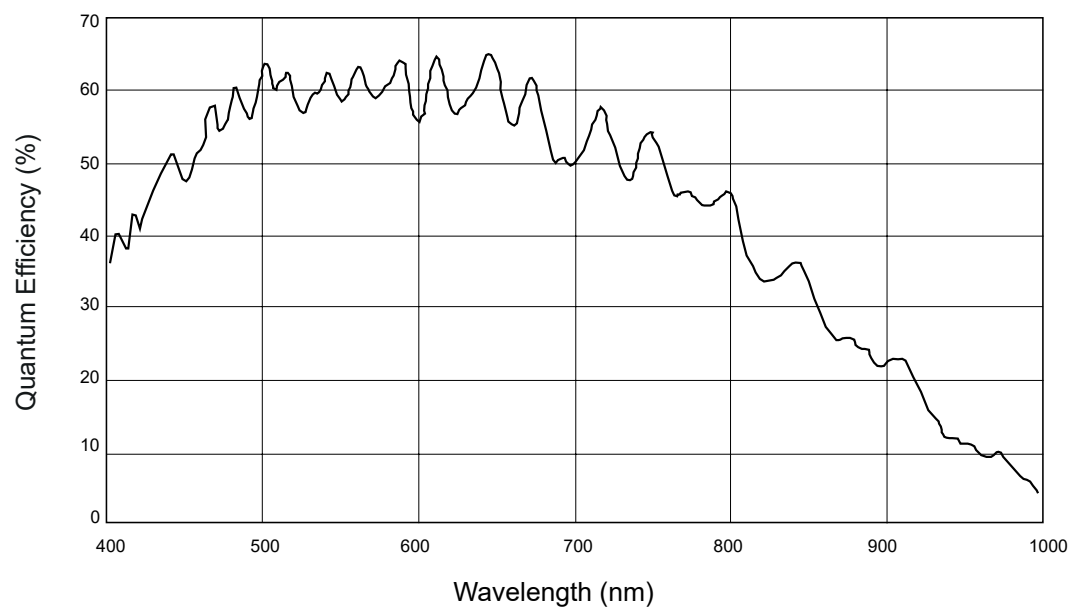
General Specifications

	acA2040-90umNIR
Resolution (H x V Pixels)	2048 × 2048
Resolution	4 MP
Sensor Type	ams CMV4000-2E12M1BP Progressive scan CMOS Global shutter
Sensor Format	1"
Effective Sensor Diagonal	16.0 mm
Pixel Size (H x V)	5.5 × 5.5 µm

	acA2040-90umNIR
Frame Rate (at Default Settings)	90 fps
Product Family	ace Classic 
Mono / Color	Mono (NIR)
Image Data Interface	USB 3.0, nominal max. 5 Gbit/s (SuperSpeed)
Pixel Formats	See Pixel Format .
Synchronization	Via hardware trigger Via software trigger Via free run
Exposure Time Control	Via hardware trigger Programmable via the camera API
Camera Power Requirements	≈2.9 W (typical) @ 5 VDC ≈3.2 W (max.)
I/O Lines	1 opto-coupled input line 1 opto-coupled output line 2 general purpose I/O (GPIO) lines
Lens Mount	C-mount
Size (L x W x H)	29.3 × 29 × 29 mm (without lens mount or connectors) 48.2 × 29 × 29 mm (with lens mount and connectors)
Weight	<80 g
Conformity	CE (includes RoHS), EAC, UKCA, UL Listed, FCC, GenICam 2.x (including PFNC 2.x and SFNC 2.x), IP30, USB3 Vision, REACH, KC Certificates for your camera model  For more information, see the Compliance  section of the Basler website.

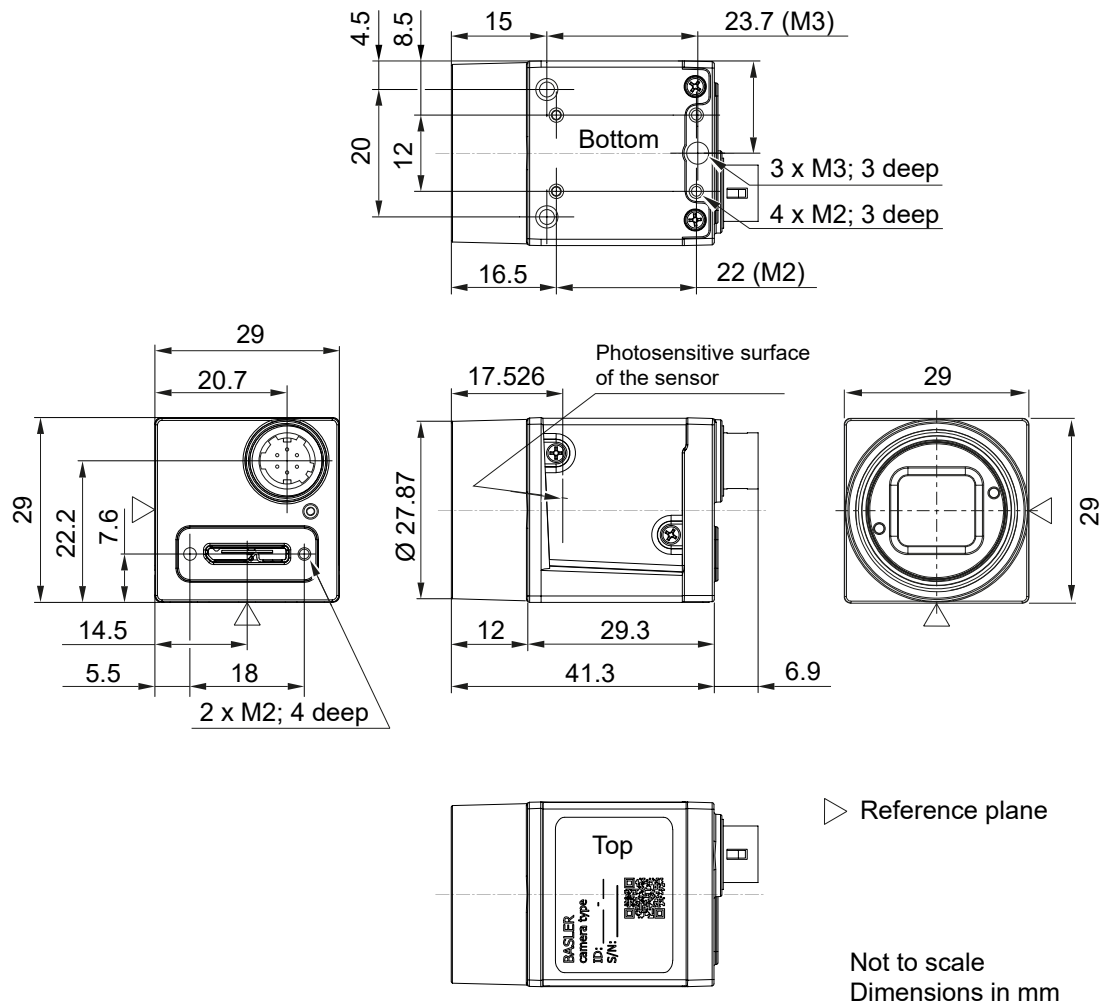
	acA2040-90umNIR
Software	Basler pylon Software Suite ↗ (version 4.0 or higher) Available for Windows, Linux x86, Linux ARM, macOS, and Android
Accessories	Accessories for your camera model ↗
Availability and Pricing	See the product page ↗ on the Basler website.

Spectral Response



Mechanical Specifications

Camera Dimensions and Mounting Points



→ Download the [CAD/technical drawing for your Basler camera](#) [↗](#).

Maximum Allowed Lens Intrusion

→ See [Maximum Allowed Lens Intrusion](#).

Mounting Instructions

→ See [Mounting Instructions](#).

Stress Test Results

→ See [Stress Test Results](#).

Requirements

Environmental Requirements

Temperature and Humidity

Housing temperature during operation	0–60 °C (32–140 °F)
Humidity during operation	20–80 %, relative, non-condensing
Storage temperature	-20–80 °C (-4–176 °F)
Storage humidity	20–80 %, relative, non-condensing
Housing temperature according to UL 60950-1	max. 70 °C (158 °F)
Ambient temperature according to UL 60950-1	max. 30 °C (86 °F)

Heat Dissipation

→ See [Providing Heat Dissipation](#).

Electrical Requirements



WARNING – Electric Shock Hazard



Unapproved power supplies may cause electric shock. Serious injury or death may occur.

- You must use power supplies that meet the Safety Extra Low Voltage (SELV) and Limited Power Source (LPS) requirements.
- If you use a powered hub or powered switch, they must meet the SELV and LPS requirements.



WARNING – Fire Hazard



Unapproved power supplies may cause fire and burns.

- You must use power supplies that meet the Limited Power Source (LPS) requirements.
- If you use a powered hub or powered switch, they must meet the LPS requirements.



NOTICE – Incorrect voltage can damage the camera.



You must supply camera and I/O power within the safe operating voltage ranges specified below.

Do not use negative voltage for an I/O line.

Camera Power

You must supply camera power that complies with the Universal Serial Bus 3.0 specification.

The camera's nominal operating voltage is 5 VDC, effective on the camera's connector.

Opto-Coupled I/O Input Line

Voltage	Description
30 VDC	Absolute maximum. This voltage must never be exceeded. Doing so may damage the camera and voids the warranty.
0–24 VDC	Safe operating range.
0–1.4 VDC	Indicates a logical 0 (with inverter disabled).
>1.4– 2.2 VDC	Region where the logic level transition occurs; the logical state is not defined in this region.
>2.2 VDC	Indicates a logical 1 (with inverter disabled).

- **Minimum current:** 5 mA
- **Current draw:** 5–15 mA
- If the camera is connected to a PLC device, Basler recommends using a cable that adjusts the voltage level of the PLC to that of the camera.

Opto-Coupled I/O Output Line

Voltage	Description
30 VDC	Absolute maximum. This voltage must never be exceeded. Doing so may damage the camera and voids the warranty.
3.3–24 VDC	Safe operating range.
<3.3 VDC	Unreliable I/O output.

- **Leakage current:** <60 μ A. Actual leakage depends on operating temperature and production spread of electronic components.
- **Maximum load current:** 50 mA
- **Minimum load current:** Not specified. Consider the following:
 - Leakage current will have a stronger effect when load currents are low.
 - Propagation delay of the output increases as load currents decrease.
 - Higher-impedance circuits tend to be more susceptible to EMI.
 - Higher currents cause higher voltage drops in long cables.

General Purpose I/O Lines

 **NOTICE:** Applying incorrect electrical signals to the camera's GPIO line can severely damage the camera. 

Before you connect any external circuitry to the GPIO line, use the [Line Mode](#) feature to configure the line for input or output.

Make sure to apply appropriate input or output signal voltages as specified below.

Operation as Input

Voltage	Description
30 VDC	Absolute maximum. This voltage must never be exceeded. Doing so may damage the camera and voids the warranty.
0–24 VDC	Safe operating range. The minimum external pull-up voltage is 3.3 VDC.
0–0.8 VDC	Indicates a logical 0 (with inverter disabled).
>0.8– 2.0 VDC	Region where the logic level transition occurs; the logical state is not defined in this region.
>2.0 VDC	Indicates a logical 1 (with inverter disabled).

- **Current draw (high-level):** <100 μ A
- **Sink current:** Your application must be able to accept 2 mA sink current from the GPIO input line without exceeding 0.8 VDC.

Operation as Output

Voltage	Description
30 VDC	Absolute maximum. This voltage must never be exceeded. Doing so may damage the camera and voids the warranty.
3.3– 24 VDC	Safe operating range.
<3.3 VDC	Unreliable I/O output.

- **Internal pull-up resistor:** $\approx$ 2 k Ω , with open collector. Many applications will have to provide an additional pull-up resistor.
- **Residual voltage ("on" state):** $\approx$ 0.4 VDC at 50 mA and 25 °C (77 °F) housing temperature. Actual residual voltage depends on operating temperature, load current, and production spread of electronic components.

- **Leakage current:** <60 µA. Actual leakage depends on operating temperature and production spread of electronic components.
- **Maximum load current:** 50 mA
- **Minimum load current:** Not specified. Consider the following:
 - Leakage current will have a stronger effect when load currents are low.
 - Propagation delay of the output increases as load currents decrease.
 - Higher-impedance circuits tend to be more susceptible to EMI.
 - Higher currents cause higher voltage drops in long cables.

For more information about the I/O lines, see the [I/O Control](#) section.

Circuit Diagrams

→ See [Circuit Diagrams](#).

Cable Requirements

USB 3.0 Cable

- Use a high-quality USB 3.0 cable with a Micro-B plug.
- To [avoid EMI](#), cables must be shielded, as specified in the USB 3.0 standard.
- Basler recommends using USB 3.0 cables from the [Basler cable portfolio](#) [↗](#).

For more information about recommended USB 3.0 cables, see the [Recommended Accessories for Basler USB 3.0 Cameras](#) [↗](#) document.

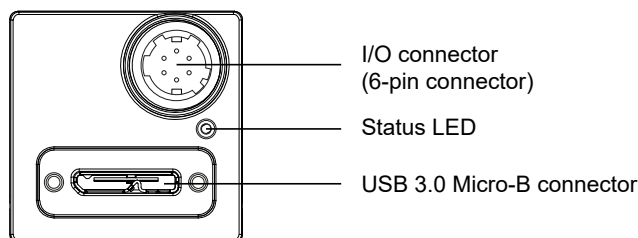
I/O Cable

- The I/O cable must be shielded.
- The I/O cable must have a cross-section of at least 0.14 mm² (close to AWG26).
- Use twisted pair wire cables.
- Maximum recommended cable length: 10 m
- Camera-side connector: Hirose micro plug (part number HR10A-7P-6S) or equivalent
- Proximity to strong magnetic fields should be avoided.
- Basler recommends using I/O cables from the [Basler cable portfolio](#) [↗](#):

- [GPIO cable, 10 m](#)  (yellow cable): For use with the [GPIO lines](#) of your camera. Also provides camera power. To avoid interferences due to crosstalk, the opto-coupled I/O lines are not connected.
- [Opto-I/O cable, 10 m](#)  (blue cable): For use with the [opto-coupled I/O lines](#) of your camera. To avoid interferences due to crosstalk, the GPIO lines are not connected. Does not provide camera power. Therefore, when using this cable, you must provide power via Power over Ethernet (PoE).
- [Opto-GPIO Y-cable, 2 × 10 m](#)  (yellow-blue cable): Allows you to use the [GPIO lines](#) and the [opto-coupled I/O lines](#) simultaneously without interferences due to crosstalk. There are two separate wires to split both I/O types. Also provides camera power.
- [Power-I/O cable, 10 m](#)  (gray cable): For use with the [opto-coupled I/O lines](#) of your camera. Unlike the opto-I/O cable (blue cable, see above), this cable allows you to provide camera power. However, because all lines are connected, crosstalk between the GPIO lines and the opto-coupled I/O lines may occur.
- [Power-I/O PLC+ cable, 10 m](#)  (gray cable): For use with the [opto-coupled I/O lines](#) of Basler cameras connected to a programmable logic controller ([PLC](#) ). It adapts the signal level for zero voltage from PLC level ($\backslash < 8.4$ VDC) to TTL level ($\backslash < 1.4$ VDC).

Physical Interface

Camera Connectors and Status LED



I/O Connector

- Hirose micro receptacle (part number HR10A-7R-6PB)

- Recommended mating connector: Hirose micro plug (part number HR10A-7P-6S)

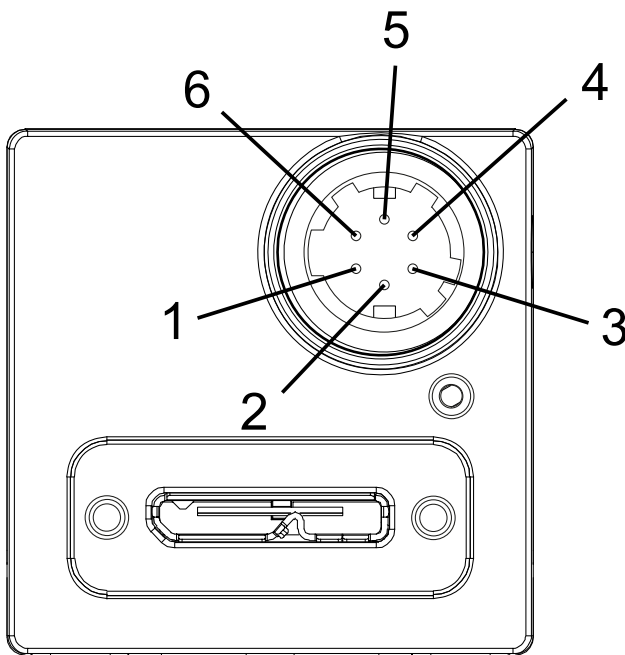
USB 3.0 Micro-B Connector

- Standard USB 3.0 Micro-B connector with screw lock
- Recommended mating connector: Standard USB 3.0 Micro-B connector with screws

Status LED

Indicates camera operation (LED lit = camera operating).

Connector Pinout



Pin	Line	Function
1	Line 3	General purpose I/O (GPIO) line
2	Line 1	Opto-coupled I/O input line
3	Line 4	General purpose I/O (GPIO) line

Pin	Line	Function
4	Line 2	Opto-coupled I/O output line
5	-	Ground for opto-coupled I/O lines
6	-	Ground for General Purpose I/O (GPIO) lines

Precautions

→ See [Safety Instructions \(ace, ace 2, racer 2 S\)](#).

Installation

→ See [Camera Installation](#).

Features

→ See [Features](#).